

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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CECILIO TORRES, individually and on behalf of others  
similarly situated,

For Online Publication Only

Plaintiff,

**ORDER**  
24-cv-3119 (JMA)(LGD)

-against-

MN CONTRACTING CORP. (D/B/A  
MN CONTRACTING), VC LEGACY CONTRACTING  
CORP. (D/B/A VC LEGACY CONTRACTING),  
MATIAS CARDOZO, and JOSEPH VITTINI,

Defendants.

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**AZRACK, United States District Judge:**

Currently pending before the Court is a motion for default judgment filed by Plaintiff Cecilio Torres against Defendants MN Contracting Corp. and Matias Cardozo (collectively, “Defendants”). Plaintiff alleges that Defendants failed to: (1) pay him overtime wages in violation of both the Fair Labor Standards Act (“FLSA”), 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq., and New York Labor Law (“NYLL”) § 650 et seq.; and (2) provide him with wage notices and wage statements as required by NYLL §§ 195(1) and 195(3), respectively. For the reasons stated below, Plaintiff’s motion for a default judgment is GRANTED and Plaintiff is awarded \$199,702.99.

**I. DISCUSSION**

**A. Defendants Defaulted**

The record reflects that Defendants were properly served in this action. Defendants, however, have not answered, appeared in this action, responded to the instant motion for default judgment, or otherwise defended this action. Accordingly, the Court finds Defendants in default.

**B. Liability**

When a defendant defaults, the Court is required to accept all the factual allegations in the complaint as true and draw all reasonable inferences in the plaintiff's favor. Finkel v. Romanowicz, 577 F.3d 79, 84 (2d Cir. 2009). However, the Court also must determine whether the allegations in the complaint establish the defendants' liability as a matter of law. Id. Here, those requirements are met for Plaintiff's overtime claims, but not for Plaintiff's spread of hours claims or his claims concerning wage statements and wage notices.

The Court finds that the well-pleaded allegations in the Complaint meet the jurisdictional prerequisites of the relevant FLSA and NYLL provisions. The Court further finds that the Complaint's allegations constitute violations of the overtime provisions of the FLSA and the NYLL as well as the wage notice and wage statement provisions of the NYLL..

**C. Damages**

“[W]hile a party's default is deemed to constitute a concession of all well pleaded allegations of liability, it is not considered an admission of damages.” Bricklayers & Allied Craftworkers Local 2, Albany, N.Y. Pension Fund v. Moulton Masonry & Const., LLC, 779 F.3d 182, 189 (2d Cir. 2015) (quoting Cement & Concrete Workers Dist. Council Welfare Fund v. Metro Found. Contractors, Inc., 699 F.3d 230, 234 (2d Cir. 2012)). The Court must conduct an inquiry to “ascertain the amount of damages with reasonable certainty.” Credit Lyonnais Sec., Inc. v. Alcantara, 183 F.3d 151, 155 (2d Cir. 1999) (citing Transatlantic Marine Claims Agency, Inc. v. Ace Shipping Corp., 109 F.3d 105, 111 (2d Cir. 1997)). The Court may determine that there is a sufficient evidentiary basis for the damages sought by Plaintiff by reviewing affidavits and other documentary evidence. See Cement & Concrete Workers Dist. Council Welfare Fund, 699 F.3d at 234.

Plaintiff's declaration establishes to, a reasonable certainty, that Plaintiff is owed \$75,625 unpaid overtime, \$75,625 in liquidated damages, \$34,087.19 in prejudgment interest, \$5,000 for wage statement damages, and \$5,000 for wage notice damages. Plaintiff is also awarded Plaintiff's \$3,375 for reasonable attorney's fees and \$990.80 in costs. Accordingly, Plaintiff's total award is \$199,702.99.

## II. CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above, Plaintiff's motion for a default judgment is granted. Defendants are jointly and severally liable to Plaintiff in the amount of \$199,702.99.

As is required of any court issuing an "order awarding [NYLL] remedies," the Court makes clear that, under NYLL § 198, "if any amounts remain unpaid upon the expiration of ninety days following issuance of judgment, or ninety days after expiration of the time to appeal and no appeal is then pending, whichever is later, the total amount of judgment shall automatically increase by fifteen percent." NYLL §§ 198(4), 663(4); see Martinez v. Dannys Athens Diner Inc., No. 16-cv-7468, 2017 WL 6335908, at \*6 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 5, 2017).

The Clerk of the Court is directed to enter judgment accordingly and close this case. Plaintiff is directed to mail a copy of this Order and the judgment to Defendants and to promptly file proof of service on ECF.

## SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 18, 2018  
Central Islip, New York

/s/ (JMA)  
JOAN M. AZRACK  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE